

## TEAM

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# MAXWELL DESCRIPTION OF X-RAYS DIFFRACTION IN PRESENCE OF OPTICAL EXCITATION

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$$\operatorname{div} \mathbf{E} = \mathbf{0}, \quad \operatorname{div} \mathbf{H} = \mathbf{0}, \quad \operatorname{rot} \mathbf{E} = -\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \mathbf{H}}{\partial t}, \quad \operatorname{rot} \mathbf{H} = \frac{4\pi}{c} \mathbf{J} + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial \mathbf{E}}{\partial t}$$

$$\rho(\mathbf{r}, t) = 0, \quad \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{r}, t) = \frac{ie^2}{m\omega} n(\mathbf{r}, t) \mathbf{E}(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

$$S = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{dI_S}{d\Omega} dt = \left( \frac{e^2}{mc^2} \right)^2 P \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} I_X(t) f(t) f^*(t) dt$$

$$f(t) = \int n(\mathbf{r}, t) e^{-i\mathbf{q}\cdot\mathbf{r}} d\mathbf{r}$$

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# STATISTICAL DETERMINATION OF THE SCATTERING FACTOR

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$$S = \left( \frac{e^2}{mc^2} \right)^2 P \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} I_X(t) \langle f(t + \tau) f^*(t + \tau) \rangle dt$$

$$H = H_0 - \mathbf{M} \cdot \mathbf{E}$$

$$\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -\frac{i}{\hbar} [H, \rho]$$

$$\langle f(t + \tau) f^*(t + \tau) \rangle = Tr[f(t + \tau) f^*(t + \tau) \rho]$$

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# STATISTICAL EXPRESSION FOR THE TIME RESOLVED X-RAY SIGNAL

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$$\Delta S(\mathbf{q}, \tau) = S(\mathbf{q}, \tau) - S_0(\mathbf{q})$$

$$\Delta S(\mathbf{q}, \tau) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} I_X(t - \tau) \Delta S_{inst}(\mathbf{q}, t) \ dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{inst}(\mathbf{q}, t) &= - \left( \frac{e^2}{mc^2\hbar} \right)^2 P \\ &\times \int_0^{+\infty} \int_0^{+\infty} \left\langle E_i(\mathbf{r}, t - \tau_1) E_j(\mathbf{r}, t - \tau_1 - \tau_2) \right\rangle_O \\ &\times \left\langle \left[ \sum_{m,n} e^{-i\mathbf{q}\cdot\mathbf{r}} mn(\tau_1 + \tau_2), M_i(\tau_2) \right], M_j(0) \right\rangle_S d\tau_1 d\tau_2 \end{aligned}$$

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# RECOMBINATION OF DISSOLVED IODINE ATOMS

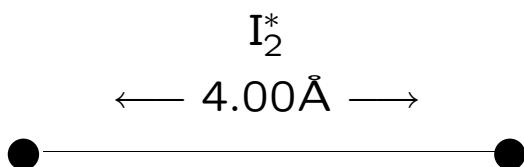
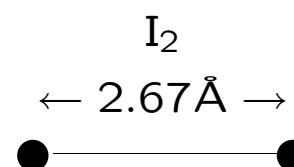
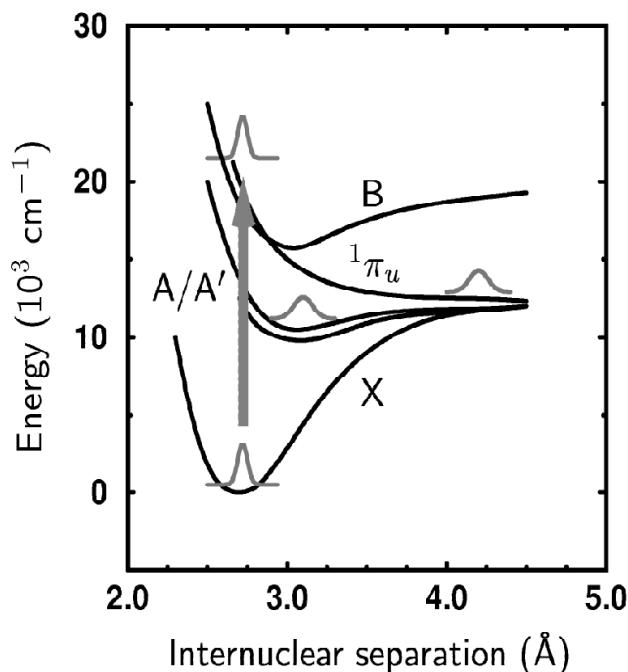
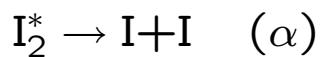
Solvents :

$I_2/CCl_4$  and  $I_2/CH_2Cl_2$

Characteristic times :

$\tau_X, \tau_o, \tau_R$  and  $\tau_I = 1/\omega$

Reaction :



# LONG TIME LIMIT OF THE TIME RESOLVED X-RAY SIGNAL

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$$\Delta S(\mathbf{q}, \tau) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} I_X(t - \tau) \Delta S_{inst}(\mathbf{q}, t) \, dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{inst}(\mathbf{q}, t) &= \left( \frac{e^2}{mc^2} \right)^2 f_I^2 P \\ &\times \sum_j \left[ n_j(t) \sum_{\mu, \nu} \left( \left\langle e^{-i\mathbf{q} \cdot \mathbf{r}_{\mu\nu}(t)} \right\rangle_j - \left\langle e^{-i\mathbf{q} \cdot \mathbf{r}_{\mu\nu}(t)} \right\rangle_0 \right) \right] \\ n_j(t) &= 2Re \left[ \frac{1}{\hbar^2} \int_0^{+\infty} \int_0^{+\infty} \left\langle E(\mathbf{r}, t - \tau_1) E(\mathbf{r}, t - \tau_1 - \tau_2) \right\rangle_O \right. \\ &\quad \left. \times \left\langle M_{oj}(\tau_2) M_{jo}(0) \right\rangle_S d\tau_1 d\tau_2 \right] \end{aligned}$$

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# X-RAY MANIFESTATION OF THE IODINE RECOMBINATION

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$$\Delta S(\mathbf{q}, \tau) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} I_X(t - \tau) \Delta S_{inst}(\mathbf{q}, t) \ dt$$

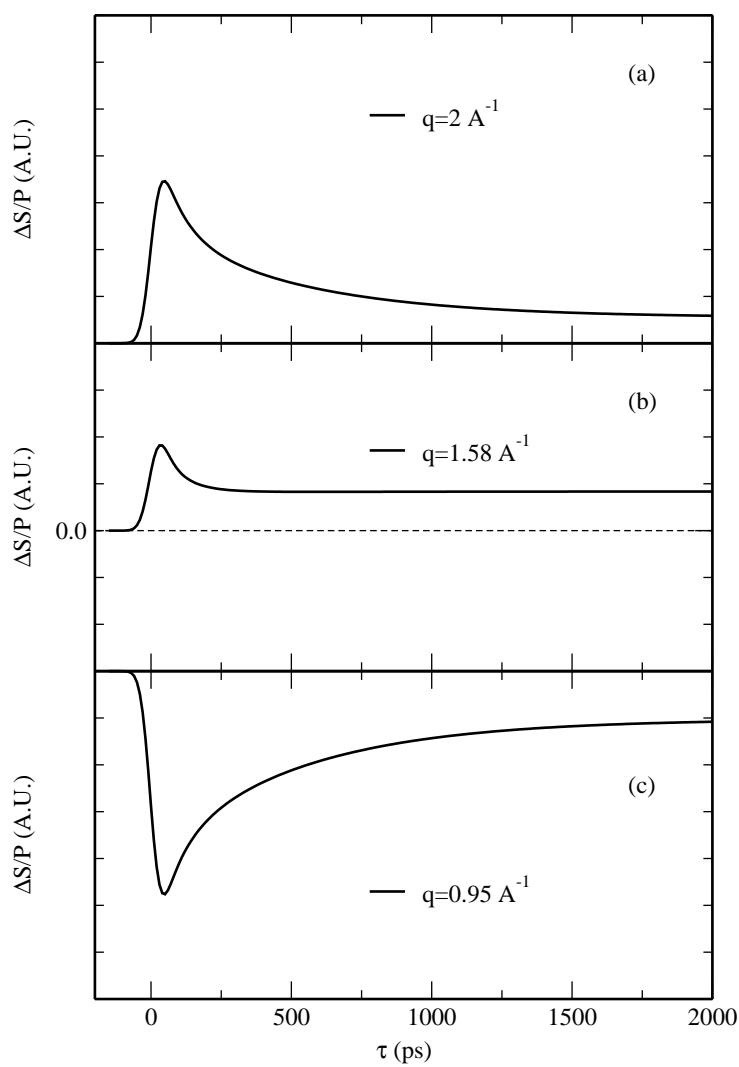
$$\begin{aligned} \Delta S_{inst}(\mathbf{q}, t) = & \ 2 \left( \frac{e^2}{mc^2} \right)^2 f_I^2 P \\ & \times \left\{ -\xi_E(\tau) \frac{\sin(qR_X)}{qR_X} + \xi_{A/A'}(\tau) \frac{\sin(qR_{A/A'})}{qR_{A/A'}} \right. \\ & \left. + \ \xi_X \left[ \int_0^{+\infty} 4\pi r^2 \rho_X(r, t) \frac{\sin(qr)}{qr} \ dr \right] \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \xi_E(t) = & n_\alpha e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_n}} + n_\beta e^{-\frac{t}{\tau_{isc}}} + n_\gamma \\ \xi_{A/A'}(t) = & n_\beta e^{\frac{t}{\tau_{isc}}} \end{aligned}$$

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# TIME RESOLVED DIFFRACTION SIGNAL $\Delta S(\mathbf{q}, \tau)$ OF THE MIXTURE I<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>

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# Q-RESOLVED DIFFRACTION SIGNAL $\Delta S(\mathbf{q}, \tau)$ OF THE MIXTURE I<sub>2</sub>/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>

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